## 11/9 \& 11/10

- Study for your map quiz! 10 minutes!
- Write your answers to the map quiz on the answer sheet provided. Write the name of the country, not the number!
- Be sure to take a look at the bonus question on the back! This is worth 5 points!
- When you are done, turn in your 'class set' of the map quiz, and turn your answer sheet over on your desk.


## LATIN AMERICA

Empire: a large group of states under the rule of one country.

Colonialism: a system in which one country rules another country. The ruling country benefits from controlling trade with the colony.

Can you think of another example of this happening?

## (N) 17 th-Century South America



## ESSENTIAL QUESTION

-How did the period of European Exploration affect the outcome of human settlement and development of nations in these regions?

## POCAHONTAS= COLONIALISM

-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gFHym_W 6vkE
-Turn to your partner:
-Why did the men in the song believe they were going to find gold in the United States?
-Why did these men believe that the riches of this land were "theirs for the taking?"
-Were they right or wrong about finding gold?

## BEFORE COLONIZATION... MAYA

- Location:
- Southern Mexico, Belize, Guatemala
- Time:
- 250-900 CE
- Comprised of City-States ruled by kings and priests
- Cultural rituals include sacrifices
- Farming practices included slash and burn farming



## MAYAN SACRIFICES



## ARCHITECTURE AND CALENDAR



## BEFORE COLONIZATION... AZTEC

- Location:
- Central Mexico
- Time:
- 1400 - 1520 CE
- Cultural practices include sacrifices
- Aztecs had impressive architecture with large planned out cities
- At its peak had a population of 5 million.



## BEFORE COLONIZATION... INCA

- Location:
- Peru and Chile
- Time:
- 1438 - 1532 CE
- Intricate road system that connected different regions/cities in the empire.
- Kept records using ropes and knots
- Population estimated from 4 to 37 million



## INCA SOCIETY

- How does the geography of Peru and Chile affect people living there?
- Terrace Farming -
- Using a series of successfully receding flat surfaces or platforms (which resemble steps) for the purposes of more effective farming.



## EUROPEAN COLONIZATION

- Turn to your partner:
- Why did Europe want to explore Latin America?
- What were

Europeans hoping to gain?


## EUROPEAN COLONIZATION

-Spain and Portugal

- Spain colonized Mexico and most of Central and South America
- Portugal colonized Brazil
- England and France
- England colonized Jamaica and Belize
- French colonized Haiti


## EFFECTS OF COLONIZATION

- Think about what you know about South America:
- How did that come to be?
- What happened to the Maya, Inca, and Aztec? Why?
- Evidence of Colonization
- Common Language - Spanish or Portuguese
- Common Religion - Roman Catholicism
- What other things did Europeans bring to South America?


## HTTPS://WWW.YOUTUBE.COM/WATCH?V =HOPA50NPFM4

- Europe used South America to gain new natural resource through the Columbian Exchange and the creation of plantations
- Colonizers forced indigenous peoples to work in plantations with slaves.



## AFRICAN INFLUENCES

■ Music: Calypso, Steel Drum Bands and Reggae

- Religion - Voodoo and Candomble in Brazil



## PROJECT TIME!

- Pick any Latin America Country
"Each person (or pair) must choose a different country (selected in reverse alphabetical order)
- You must create a brochure advertising your country's:
- History
- Colonization
- Culture (FOOD!), Language, Beliefs, Government
- Landscape
- Natural Resources
- Fun things to do


## LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES

Cuba
Dominican Republic
Haiti
Jamaica
Puerto Rico
Trinidad \& Tobago
Virgin Islands
Belize

El Salvador
Guatemala
Honduras
Mexico
Nicaragua
Panama
Argentina
Bolivia
Brazil

Colombia
Ecuador
French Guiana
Guyana
Paraguay
Peru
Suriname
Uruguay
Venezuela

